A NOVEL SINGLE POT REACTION FOR SUBSTITUTION AND CROSS-COUPLING OF VINYLACETATE TO TRANSSTILBENES BY INTERLAMELLAR MONTMORILLONITE PALLADIUM CATALYST**

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Abstract: Synthesis of trans-stilbenes on substitution and cross-coupling of vinylacetate by Interlamellar montmorillonite ethyl silyldiphenylphosphinepalladium(II)chloride catalyst is described.

Heck type arylation of various substituted alkenes leading to monoarylated alkene derivatives have been extensively studied. However, a few reactions involving arylation of vinylacetates to stilbenes with negligible to poor yields are reported. Recent attention has been focussed on the cross-coupling of Alkenylalkoxysilanes by aryl and alkenyl halides and Alkenyl Triflates by derivatives of phosphoric acid with excellent yields. We report in this letter a single pot reaction for substitution and cross-coupling of vinyl acetate forming trans-stilbene in very good yields by interlamellar montmorilloniteethylsilyldiphenylphosphinepalladium(II)chloride catalyst (I) for the first time (Scheme 1).

R=o-OMe, p-OMe, o-Me, p-Me & Isopropyl **SCHEME 1**

Vinylacetate (25 mmols in excess) was reacted with Iodobenzene (20 mmols) in presence of n-tributylamine (25 mmols) and catalyst (1), 50 mg (0.017 mmols of Pd) at 100°C under nitrogen atmosphere for 24 hrs under vigorous stirring. The work-up was done by neutralising excess base by washing with 5N HCl and the ether extract washed with brine solution which on concentration and recrystallization in ethanol gave trans-stilbene (1.5 g) yielding 85% based on iodobenzene consumed. When this arylation reaction was extended to substituted iodobenzenes excellent yields of symmetrical trans-stilbenes have been obtained as described in Table-1.

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OF VINYLACETATE BY CAT (I) PRODUCT 4 ENTRY REACTANT ISOLATED YIELD(%) 85 2 80 83 80 82

TABLE 1. SUBSTITUTION & CROSS-COUPLING REACTIONS

a: ALL THE PRODUCTS WERE CHARACTERISED BY NMR & MASS

The product analysis of GC/MS for the arylation of vinylacetate indicated that simultaneous formation of trans-stilbene and phenylvinylacetate with the domination of later, which on prolonged reaction all the monoarylated product was cross-coupled with unreacted lodobenzene to form trans-stilbene. The arylation reaction conducted on methylacrylate/substituted acrylates gave exclusively monoarylated acrylate and no coupling product was observed.

The reaction conducted under homogeneous environment under identical reaction conditions catalysed by Pd(PPh₃)₂Cl₂ gave negligible yields of trans-stilbene. The reaction provides an evidence for the cross-coupling of phenylvinylacetate into trans-stilbene facilitated by montmorillonite support. The support induced palladium catalysed reaction a novel example, represents a significant achievement in the area of catalysis. In conclusion, this simple and convenient synthesis of trans-stilbene, useful intermediates for 3-arylisoquinolines, protoberberines etc.⁶ in a single pot reaction offers an advantageous route.

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